painful swellings. When steeped in hot brandy and held in the mouth, they sometimes relieve the pain of a carious tooth. For all these purposes, no doubt, they often fail, yet there is little temerity in asserting that they are equally to be depended on in such cases, with the rest of the articles of the Materia Medica.

The most common form for internal use, where a sedative effect is desired, is that of the saturated tincture. The powder separated from the hops may be given in substance with a certainty of securing all their medicinal effects. This powder must be given in small doses, to be retained on the stomach and bowels. Dr. Bryorly found that twenty or twenty five grains left a sense of acrimony in the throat, and were followed by a good deal of nausea, and in some instances by purging.

The vine of the hop has been appropriated to some economical uses. In spring, when the young shoots first emerge from the ground, they are boiled and eaten as asparagus, and are accounted very salubrious. The fibres of the vine are strong and flexible and have been manufactured into a coarse cloth in Sweden and England, particularly for the sacks in which the hops are carried to market.

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PLATE LX.

Fig. 1. *Humulus lupulus in fruit.*
Fig. 2. *Fertile flowers.*
Fig. 3. *Calyx and pistil of do. (the corolla omitted by mistake of the engraver.)*
Fig. 4. *Barren flowers.*
Fig. 5. *Stamen magnified.*

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